OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The NATIONAL GAZETTE.

By JONATHAN FREE, *of the Duchy of* Cornwall, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1752. [N°. 95.

Poſcitur in veſtrum reditum votiva juvenca.
HOR.

THE common Queſtion, immediately on the Receſs of Parliament, is, *What has been done this Seſſion, for the Good of the Nation?*——If I were to anſwer in this caſe, it would be proviſionally; it would be on Condition, that a general Anſwer ſhould ſuffice, and that no Curioſity ſhould puſh me into Particulars: *Ex. gr.*

Q. What has been done this Seſſion, for the Good of the Nation?

A. A great deal—The Forces have been provided for—The laſt Year's Land-Tax, and every other Tax, too many to enumerate in one of theſe Papers, have been renewed — no doubt all for the Good of the Nation.

Q. But this is not ſatisfactory — I ask, if ſome Law or Laws has or have not been procured to enſure the Liberty, to diminiſh the Debts and the Taxes, and to encreaſe the Wealth and Credit, of the Nation?

This laſt impertinent Queſtion, I ſhould anſwer as the prudent *Paxton* did thoſe more impertinent Demands of the *Secret Committee*, in the ever-memorable Enquiry into the Mal-Adminiſtration of Sir *Robert Walpole*; that is, by Silence; for, ſays the Moraliſt,

Scire loqui decus eſt, decus eſt & ſcire tacere;

where, could the Verſe ſubſtitute *Prudentia* in the place of the laſt *Decus*, my Meaning would be more aptly expreſſed, without Injury to that of our Author.

I have only given this Example to ſhew, where the Licence of political Enquiries ought to ſtop, & the Reaſon of not gratifying them: Quitting this Subject therefore for the preſent, I ſhall proceed with another ſomewhat more intereſting, and I am afraid more invidious too; tho', as a Compenſation, it is leſs perillous. When I tell the Reader I mean to ſcire *popular Diſcontent*, it will be no difficult matter to gueſs the Situation of Opinion between us: I am not often poſitive, but this Time I will take upon me to aſſert, his Opinion muſt be on the ſame Side with mine;—he muſt think it ſafer (leſs perillous are the original Words) to find Fault with the People than with their Governors. No prudent Man will do anything inconſiſtent with his Safety; and, without Prudence, we are told a Man cannot properly exerciſe any other ſocial Virtue: Wherefore, as we deſign the Welfare of our Fellow-Subjects, and as in the caſe of public Diſcontent the Fault muſt lie either in the People or in thoſe who rule them, we think it Prudence to place the Load on the broadeſt Shoulders, on thoſe Shoulders which, inured to Burden, will endure it with accuſtomed Fortitude, Patience and Perſeverance.

The Principles that incite my Labors may be reduced to two: 1. Loyalty to my King; and 2. Love to my Country. I am aware the Wits will be for adding a third ——3. Profit to myſelf.——If they do, I can't help myſelf: By denying the Poſition, I ſhall only whet the Joke, while a frank Confeſſion would entirely blunt the Edge of it; and this I might be induced to give into, but for an invincible Tenderneſs in my Nature, which cannot deprive any Creature of its Aliment; for Wit, I am told is Food as natural to ſome Men, as Air to the Canelion.—Leaving this knotty Point betwixt the Wits and myſelf undecided, we proceed.

Whatever then coincides with, or oppoſes, theſe *two* Principles (the *third* is out of the Queſtion) of courſe falls under my Applauſe or Cenſure.—— In virtue of the firſt, *Loyalty to my King*, I muſt not only myſelf wiſh and pray for the Succeſs of his Majeſty's gracious Endeavours in the more firmly eſtabliſhing the Tranquility of *Europe*; I muſt engage too (if I can) the ſame Wiſhes and the ſame Prayers from thoſe Heretics in Politics, who have declared themelves abſolutely averſe to what they call *foreign Meaſures*. I entreat Reaſon and Religion may induce Obedience and Duty.

In his Majeſty's gracious Speech from the Throne, at the Cloſe of the laſt Seſſion of this Parliament, he ſays, While the general Tranquility of *Europe* demands his Preſence abroad, he earneſtly recommends to his Parliament, that the domeſtic Oeconomy may be preſerved in the Health and Vigor of Unanimity and good Order. This I alledge as the ſtrongeſt Reaſon, as it comes from the higheſt Authority, to ſatisfy theſe unreaſonable Murmurers, that what conſolidates the general Peace of *Europe* is by no means indifferent to *Great Britain*; for would our gracious Sovereign, diſtinguiſhed in Age and Virtue, encounter Dangers and Fatigues in this cold, tempeſtuous Seaſon, by a Journey to *Hanover*, if the Intereſt of *England* was not concerned, and that too more intimately than is vulgarly imagined? 'Tis plain to Demonſtration. For the future therefore, I expect thoſe invidious Words *foreign Meaſures* will be laid aſide, and with them the Diſcontent they communicated.

The Evils produced by *popular Diſcontents* are of that Nature which only the Inhabitants of the infernal Regions ſhould be deemed deſerving: But tho' I could bring many Inſtances of general Calamities flowing from this too abundant Source, from Sacred Hiſtory; I ſhall content myſelf in reciting a very remarkable one from the *Ruſſian* Hiſtory, which, without any View but to the Conſequence, I ſhall relate as given.

About the Year 1717, *Peter the Great*, Czar of *Muſcovy*, to divert his beloved Spouſe *Catharine*, made the Tour of *Denmark*, *Holland*, *France*, &c. and left his Son and others Regents of his vaſt Territories during his Abſence. This Son's Name was *Alexis*, his Title *the Czarewitz*; but a Son every way unworthy ſuch a Father. It was a common Cuſtom with the Czar to make Excurſions into foreign Countries, and noble were the Ends for which he did ſo. By the Experience of foreign Arts, he raiſed, out of a heap of Rubbiſh, a moſt ſtately Edifice; or, in other words, he rendered the poor, contemptible Kingdom of *Ruſſia*, the moſt potent reſpectable Empire the World now ſees it.

But tho' the Health of his People, *more than his own Pleaſure*, induced theſe Journeys; yet, ſo ungrateful is Ignorance, that he raiſed himſelf many Enemies where he ought to have ſecured Friends. 'Tis true indeed, the Excurſion we are ſpeaking of, was not the moſt neceſſary one. It is confeſſed, the Czar had a travelling Diſpoſition; as appeared from many Inſtances, where his Preſence was rather an Effect of Choice than Neceſſity. This it was gained him much Diſcontent from his Subjects. The Money he uſed to expend in theſe Rambles was a Loſs to *Ruſſia*, whatever Gain it was to that Country in which it was ſpent; and this was induſtriouſly inſinuated among the People by the Friends and Adherents of the Czarewitz *Alexis*, who began to entertain dangerous Views againſt his Father's Crown and Dignity, if not his Life. To uſe the Czar's own Words, his Son was a *Glutton* and a *Drunkard*, and conſequently a Fool and a Brute; for no leſs can he be, who, inſtead of dreading it, with Impatience waits the Death of a Father who has not egregiouſly neglected the parental Duties. The Czar, unlike the ſelfiſh *Auguſtus*, determined his Succeſſor ſhould have Talents for governing Empire, ſhould be able to proſecute the great Improvements he had began. He would not nominate a *Tiberius*, tho' his Son; he would rather appoint a worthy Stranger who ſhould be capable of ſucceeding him, as his Duty to God and his People indiſpenſibly demanded of him. This was fine Reaſoning, but it was loſt on *Alexis*, who was as unlike his Father as a Coward is unlike a Hero: Yet did this unworthy Czarewitz gain many *Ruſſians* over to his Party, favoured by the Abſence of his Father, and aſſiſted by the Inſinuation, before hinted, of the *Ruſſian* Money being laviſhed away in ſtrange Countries.

Here we may behold a People, who owed their very Being as a trading Nation, and all their Importance as an Empire, to their Prince, grudge him a few Millions out of the untold Number of Millions he had put them in the way of acquiring; nay more, they even conſpired againſt him on the Account.—What then would they have done to a Prince who ſhould have taken the ſame Liberties with their Money, without having had it his Power to procure them the ſame Benefits?—But let us not blame the *Ruſſians*, leſt we be accuſed of Immodeſty.

Loripedem rectus derideat, Æthiopem albus.

But to reſume:

On the Czar's Return from his Tour, he found himſelf poor, his Revenues anticipated, the Soldiery unpaid and mutinous, and the People diſſatisfied.—'Twas now he began the Purgation. He opened a Grand Inquiſition, to diſcover the Frauds and Peculation exerciſed by the great Officers of State; and found a Mine of Wealth preſently, in the Mulcts, Fines and Confiſcations that were the Effect of this Enquiry.

Affairs ſoon after called him to *Copenhagen*. This new Abſence revived old Complaints. His Son was under an Injunction to follow him in ſix Months, which Time the Czar had given him to conſider, whether he would conform to the Means of ſecuring to himſelf the Succeſſion: for he had hitherto declared himſelf averſe to all his Father's military Operations, which however were the principal Operations that could give Stability to the *Ruſſian* Throne. But *Alexis* on the contrary fled under the Protection of the Emperor, leaving his ſeditious Emiſſaries buſy in *Muſcovy*.

The Czar, who joined with the Innocence of the Dove the Subtilty of the Serpent, had his truſty Agents among the Malcontents. He heard from time to time the hopeful Progreſs they were making in the Affections of the People, in favour of his Son and Rival and in Prejudice to himſelf. He heard of his Son's Flight, and all its Circumſtances. He was not one of thoſe Idlers, who hear, deliberate, & dream. He was at *Moſcow*, had reclaimed his Son, and publiſhed a Manifeſto of his Flight and Diſobedience, in leſs Time than their High Mightineſſes could diſcard one of their petty Officers.

Our Narration concludes with the Death of the Czarewitz, and the exemplary Puniſhment of his Abettors. But theſe Diſorders made the Czar ſtay at home a little more than was cuſtomary to him; for Experience had taught him, he never left his Dominions in the latter Part of his Life, without injuring himſelf in the Affections of his Subjects.

Thus was *popular Diſcontent* remarkably puniſhed and thus may it ever be puniſhed in a ſimilar Cauſe.

LONDON.

At the Court of St. James's, the 30th Day of March, 1752.

PRESENT,

The King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

His Majeſty in council this day declaring his intention of going out of the kingdom for a ſhort time, was pleaſed to nominate the following Perſons to be Lords Juſtices for the adminiſtration of government during his Majeſty's abſence. viz,

Thomas Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury.
Philip Lord Hardwicke, Lord Chancellor.
John Earl Granville, Lord Preſident.
John Earl Gower, Lord Privy Seal.
Charles Duke of Marlborough, Lord Steward.
Charles Duke of Grafton, Lord Chamberlain.
Archibald Duke of Argyll.
Thomas Holles Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's principal ſecretaries of ſtate.
Lionel Duke of Dorſet, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.
William Lord Cavendiſh of Hardwick, commonly called Marquis of Hartington, Maſter of the Horſe.
Robert Earl of Holderneſſe, another of his Majeſty's principal ſecretaries of ſtate.
William Anne Earl of Albemarle, Groom of the Stole.
George Lord Anſon, Firſt Commiſſioner of the Admiralty. And
Henry Pelham, Eſq; Firſt Commiſſioner of the Treaſury.

Laſt Tueſday morning his Majeſty ſet out from his palace at St. James's, attended by divers perſons of diſtinction, for Harwich, in order to embark on board the William and Mary Yatcht, on his way to Hanover. His Majeſty paſſed over Weſtminſter bridge, went down the new road that leads to blackman ſtreet, then over London bridge, and from thence to Whitechapel.

At Night one of his Majeſty's meſſengers arrived at the ſecretary of ſtate's office, from Harwich, with the account that his Majeſty arrived ſafely there that Afternoon.

Daniel Laſcelles, Eſq; is elected member of parliament for North Allerton in Yorkſhire, in the room of his father, who has accepted a Place.

Saturday laſt his Grace the Duke of Somerſet appointed the Rev. Mr. Grey to be one of his domeſtic Chaplains.

Laſt week a new commiſſion, appointing Juſtices of the peace for the county of Surry, paſſed the ſeals; amongſt others are, Richard Adams, Eſq; recorder of the city of London, and Richard Roman, Eſq; deputy to Thomas Chitty, Eſq; Alderman of Tower Ward.

In a few days three men of war will be put into commiſſion, on board one of which admiral Knowles will embark for his government of Jamaica.

We are told the petition offered to parliament in favour of the ſeveral crews belonging to his Majeſty's ſhips Deptford and Preſton, late under the command of commodore Barnet, deceaſed, and the right hon. the lord Northesk, at the taking thoſe three immenſely-rich French China-men, was not rejected, as has been given out, but will be taken into conſideration next Seſſions. The Prizes, it's ſaid, were deemed to be worth 330000 l.

The Books of upwards of 100 men and ſloops of war are ſent to Chatham finally to pay the recalls due to their reſpective companies.

'Tis ſaid, it is propoſed to erect in all the ſea-ports in England, where his Majeſty has any docks or yards, a ſchool for teaching writing, arithmetic, drawing, geometry, navigation, gunnery, the uſe of the globes and ſea charts; and the children of all ſeafaring perſons who ſerve, or have ſerved, on board the royal navy; or are employed in the white herring fiſhery, and alſo the children of all perſons belonging to his Majeſty's docks and yards, who ſhall reſide within the precinct or juriſdiction of the town or Place where ſuch ſchool ſhall be erected, are to have their learning gratis, from ſeven Years old to ſixteen, their parents maintaining them in meat, drink and Clothes. The maſters and uſhers of ſuch ſchools are to be choſen among ſuch perſons as do or have ſerved on board the royal navy in quality of mathematical maſters, or maſters or mates of veſſels, and they are to paſs their examination before the commiſſioners of the navy, who are to certify they are well qualified for ſuch employments, before they are appointed thereunto by the Lords of the admiralty.

We hear that the negociations with Spain are taking a favourable turn, and ſome who pretend they have opportunities of being well informed, ſeemed to be pretty confident, that the freedom of Navigation in the Weſt-Indies will ſpeedily be the ſubject of a final arrangement with the Spaniſh court, towards which the following important diſcovery may not a little contribute. The many ſhips taken from the Engliſh have occaſioned complaints to the Spaniſh governors, the latter were extremely ſurprized to find, that moſt of thoſe captures were diſowned by the Guarda Coſtas, as incidents which they were no way concerned in, nor had any knowledge of: ſince which it has been diſcovered, that certain Pirates who neſtle in ſome unfrequented iſlands, and give themſelves out for Guarda Coſtas, infeſt the Weſt India ſeas, and under the pretext of contraband trade, take ſuch Engliſh ſhips as are not ſtrong enough to make a defence. This diſcovery has been imparted to the Spaniſh miniſtry, who ſeem to rejoice at it, and have promiſed to make farther enquiry into the affair, in order to concert proper meaſures with the Britiſh court to put an effectual ſtop to the depredations of thoſe pirates: for which purpoſe the court of Madrid has ordered, that the ſhips ſent to cruize in the Weſt Indian ſeas ſhall be provided with Commiſſions of his Catholic Majeſty; and permiſſion is given to treat as Enemies thoſe who ſhall be found cruizing without ſuch commiſſions.——A good Tale, could it be but believed.

Sunday died Mr. Davidſon, a laceman in Fleet-ſtreet, who about a week ſince was ſeized with a violent purging and vomiting, occaſioned (as he declared) by Poiſon given him in his food. He retained his ſenſes to the laſt, and deſired to be open'd which operation was performed on Wedneſday, & the ſurgeons are to make their report this day to the coroner and jury.——Two perſons whom he charged with being the perperators of the unhappy Affair are cloſely confined till the opinion of the ſurgeons and jury are known.

Monday Iſaac Cranfield, a waterman, died in the Weſtminſter Infirmary, being bit about a year ago by a mad dog; but no ſymptoms appeared 'till the Thurſday morning before he died, when he was taken with a violent vomiting.

Saturday John Stevens, an Oſtler, at the White Hart St. John's ſtreet, was committed to Priſon by Juſtice Fielding, for robbing and raviſhing one Elizabeth, the wife of William Humphreys, of Highgate, on the Sunday Night before, near Iſlington.

Monday two men were ſecured in the Poulty Compter, being charged with ſuffocating a Child 15 years of age.

Yeſterday 7-Night at a mercer's wharehouſe near the Poultry, juſt before it was ſhut, a little boy was diſcovered as he lay under the counter; when he was brought ont, he confeſſed that he was to let in two men at eleven o'clock at night, after the watchmen had gone their rounds. He was ſent to the Poultry Compter, and tho' but 11 years of age, has, it's ſaid, been already twice in Newgate. A watch was ſet for the two fellows, but the ſtory taking wind, they took care to keep away.

It is reported that Matthews, who was an Evidence againſt Swan and Jeffries, is the perſon who about five years ſince put out the eyes of Gally, the cuſtom houſe officer, who was thrown into a well, and killed by ſome ſmugglers, three of whom were executed for that fact.

Mr. Keith's Chapel, in May-Fair, Hyde-Park Corner, where the Marriages are performed by Virtue of a Crown Stamp and Certificate for a Guinea, is oppoſite the great Chapel and within Ten Yards of it. The Way to the Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-ſtreet, and down Clarges-ſtreet, and turn on the Left-Hand.—Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages to be detrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner, as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and Underſtanding.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Briſtol, March 28. We have the following Account from Capt. Hill, of the Queen Mary juſt arrived from Jamaica.

"On the 9th of January I ſaw in my Paſſage a ſhip and two ſnows to the Weſtward, and at noon came up and ſpoke with them. They told me, they ſhould be glad to keep me Company thro' the Paſſage, if I would carry modeſt ſail, and a light at night time; accordingly I hoiſted a Pendant. On the 18th in the morning, I loſt ſight of the ſhip and one of the ſnows. The other ſnow, which was bound to Cork, was about a League to windward of me, with a ſloop about a mile to windward of her, who had been dogging us for two days paſt. At Two in the Afternoon, I obſerved the ſloop to hoiſt her colours, and to endeavour by degrees to edge along ſide of the ſnow, in order to clap her on board. Upon which, the ſnow bearing towards me, as it were, for protection, I immediately hoiſted a blue enſign and pendant, and ſet all the ſail I poſſibly could, and hawled cloſe by the wind for her; which did not much ſurprize them, 'till I beat open ſome ports between decks and, fixing the crowns of old hats to the end of ſome handſpikes, the crowns of the hats being chalked over the center, to repreſent the muzzle of a gun, ran them a little without the ports, that they might juſt diſcover them. As ſoon as they perceived this, they preſently hauled their wind, and crowded all the ſail they could, and in about two hours and a half, ran out of ſight. The captain of the ſnow came under my lee quarter, and returned me thanks for ſaving his veſſel."

Sherborne, March 25. Saturday the aſſizes ended at Exeter for the county of Devon, when the eight following criminals were capitally convicted, viz.

1. John Davy, otherwiſe Young, for murder.
2, 3, 4. William Jennings, John Wilſon and Roger Stamp, for highway robberies.
5, 6, 7. Thomas Parkhouſe, John Philips and John Warren, for houſebreaking. And
8. John Ellis, for ſheep ſtealing.

A ſhock of an earthquake, with its uſual attendant a noiſe in the air, was obſerved on Good Friday, about half an hour after 11, from north to ſouth acroſs the County of Somerſet.

Salisbury, March 30. On Saturday James Roſier was executed at Fiſherton gallows, purſuant to his ſentence at the laſt aſſizes, for the murder of William Wodham. He declared himſelf innocent of the murder, and would not directly own, tho' it is generally believed, that he was one of the company when the fact was committed; ſaid, he could pretty well tell how things were, but that it was too late, and uſeleſs now to make any diſcoveries. He ſpent his time, while under ſentence, very devoutly, went with a becoming aſſurance to the place of execution, ſeemed perfectly reſigned, and died decently.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

ITALY.

Rome, Feb. 3. The arrangement propoſed by the Pope for the archbiſhoprick of Naples having been rejected by his Sicilian Majeſty, cardinal Spinelli is to return to his Dioceſe, and continue to govern it, 'till a temperament can be found to reconcile the two powers.

Naples, Feb. 27. Four Xebeques ſailed from this port the 6th inſtant, to cruize on the coaſts of the kingdom, and they are to be be followed next week by the reſt of the ſquadron fitting out againſt the Barbary corſairs.

The 3d inſtant the eruption of mount Veſuvius ceaſed; and it was obſerved that ſeveral branches of the fiery torrent were ſtill warm two days after.

Naples, March 3. We have received advice from Barletta, that ſome rogues having broke into the houſe of the king's treaſurer, murdered him and all his ſervants, and carried off all the Money, and other valuable Effects they could find.

Turin, March 9. A ſinguaar affair happened here a few dtys ago, the circumſtances of which are as follow: A ſoldier of the regiment of Savoy, who had deſerted about four Years ago, ſince travelled up and down the country, and carried on the buſineſs of a Pedlar, in which he ſucceeded ſo well, that he ſent his wife, whom he left behind him, money enough from time to time to maintain her very decently. He frequently wrote to her and ſhe to him, and in her letters always expreſſed the greateſt deſire to ſee him, upon which he diſguiſed himſelf ſo as not to be diſcovered, and came to viſit his wife, who received him, at leaſt in appearance, with all imaginable demonſtrations of Joy; but he had not been with her three days before ſhe went to his Officers, and offered to apprehend a deſerter belonging to their company, if they would give her three ſequins, which they promiſed her, and ſhe accordingly diſcovered him. The officers, after they had apprehended him, finding it was his wife who had be-

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her, and ſhe according-
cers, after they had ap-
as his wife who had be-

arred ſo treacherouſly to him, reported the Affair
the King, who in deteſtation of her Ingratitude
s ordered her to be publicly whipt three days ſuc-
ſſively, and afterwards to be baniſhed the country
r life.

Venice, March 14. The Chevalier Francis Lore-
no was elected Doge of this Republic the 4th Inſt.
with the uſual ceremony.

LOW COUNTRIES.

Hague, March 28. The ſtates of Holland are
gain ſeparated without having taken any reſolution
on the important articles which have been the ſub-
ect of their deliberations, for more than 4 months.
They have done nothing more this ſeſſion than no-
inated commiſſaris of the poſts for this place, Am-
ſterdam and Rotterdam; they will probably, at their
ext ſitting, appoint others for the Brille, Leyden,
Vergaw, and thoſe are now enjoymenis which will
help to eat up the revenue.

Many people ſpeak highly in commendation of
he attention of her royal highneſs to the buſineſs of
the Republic, and of the reſolution ſhe has ſhewn in
ſome affairs, wherein the late prince Statholder would,
it's believed, have given way. For that firmneſs
and ſtability was often wanting in him, when he
saw himſelf violently oppoſed, always apprehending
when things were doubtful, that if ill ſucceſs ſhould
attend his determination, it would be placed to his
account.

They write from Embden, that the company was
much aſtruck upon hearing that ten or twelve En-
gliſhmen, who, it was pretended, were forced into
the ſervice, were taken out of their ſhip, bound for
the Eaſt-Indies, and among the reſt, one Johnſton,
the pilot. This news changed their exceſſive rejoic-
ings upon the departure of this ſhip into a terrible
conſternation, looking upon this event as a bad Prog-
noſtick."

FRANCE.

Paris, March 27. Next Monday the parliament
will reaſſume its deliberation on the affair of the
Hall of St. Stephen's, who in denying the ſacra-
ment to an anti-conſtitutionarian, was ſupported
by the archbiſhop of this Capital; and his lordſhip
ſaith that he is accountable to God alone in the
diction of his paſtoral office: however, it is
thought the parliament will take the liberty to de-
clare the delinquent's benefice vacant, and ſignify
to the patron to provide another incumbent.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen, March 9. The envoy from the
Emperor of Morocco has acquainted the miniſters of
the court with the commiſſion he was charged with
by that prince, and has attempted to juſtify the treat-
ment which M. de Longueville met with at Tetuan;
but it has been ſignified to him, that as the Right of
Nations was manifeſtly violated upon that occaſion,
the emperor of Morocco muſt previouſly ſet at li-
berty that officer and his retinue.

Copenhagen, March 10. The great Prize in the
Lottery, eſtabliſhed for building the church of
Chriſtianſhaven, having fallen to the King, his
Majeſty generouſly made a preſent of it to the
Church.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm, March 13. After the repeated entrea-
ties made to count Teſſin, by the king and the ſe-
nate, to prevail with him to continue in his employ-
ments, he has, at length, determined to continue
in the poſt of ſenator, and that of governor to the prince
royal, upon condition that he may be permitted to
ſpend the ſummer in the country for the benefit of
his health, and that a ſenator may be appointed to
take care of the education of the young prince dur-
ing his abſence; which has been granted him, and
the ſtates have given him leave to reſign his poſt of
preſident of the chancery.

GERMANY.

Francfort, March 20. According to the laſt ad-
vices from Vienna, baron Trenk, nephew of the
famous colonel of that Name, who has been ſome
time detained in priſon here, is releaſed, having 'tis
ſaid, cleared himſelf of the accuſation brought againſt
him.

BANKRUPTS.

Hugh Chaloner, of the city of Briſtol, ſhipwright.

John Glaſſe, late of Carey-ſtreet, in the county of Middleſex, Scrivener and Chapman.

Henry Linford, of the pariſh of St. James's in the liberty of Weſtminſter in the County of Middleſex, cornchandler, dealer and chapman.

The GRAND SPECIFICK

For cleanſing and ſtrengthening the Reins, &c.

A Medicine that hath gained ſo much Credit for theſe many Years it has been publiſhed, that not one of the many Pretenders to cure the like Caſe, has at all hindered the juſt Reputation this firſt, and only Specific for theſe Purpoſes, hath obtained, by its moſt noble Effects; for it doth not only cure ſuch difficult Caſes, which no other Medicine can, but in every ordinary Caſe, one Bottle well do more Good than four that are ſold by any of the Common Pretenders, as has been ſufficiently atteſted by many Perſons of Worth and Reputation, that have found the deſired Effects and declared it to Mr. Sandwell.

For it may certainly be depended on as abſolutely effectual, in carrying off by Urine, ſafely and ſpeedily, all the Remains of pernicious unskilfully prepared Mercurials, Gleets or Weakneſſes through tedious or ill-managed Cures of the Venereal Diſeaſe, or left Pollution, inordinate Coition, &c. Alſo any Weakneſſes of the Veſſels, from Wrenches, Strains, Blows, or Falls, and all other Obſtructions in the Urianary Paſſages, even Stranguries, Ulcers, &c.

It is alſo of ſingular and very extraordinary Efficacy, where there is any Gravel, or even ſmall Stones, Slime, or any other Matter that obſtructs the Urine; bringing all away in a few Times taking, with Safety, as has been happily experienced by great Numbers of both Sexes; and particularly by a Gentleman, whoſe Caſe has ſo often been mentioned in the Advertiſements by a Certificate of his Cure, who at taking a little of it voided above an Ounce of Gravel, and was cured of an inſufportable Pain about his Loins, &c. by a ſhort continuance of it.

It is a very pleaſant Medicine, and will be found of uncommon Benefit to Mankind, beyond Expectation, which is the Reaſon of its being made public, and to obviate the Ignorance of Pretenders in all the difficult Caſes abovementioned.

One Bottle in moſt Caſes, is ſufficient for a perfect Cure, as you will ſee by the Directions given with it. It is ſold for 7 s. 6 d. the Bottle, at Mr. Sandwell's Toyſhop, at the Sign of the Griffin, the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry.

By the KING's PATENT,

For this *Kingdom* and the *Plantations*,

THE *Purging Antivenereal* ELECTUARY (whereby all Degrees and Symptoms of the Venereal Diſeaſe, from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt confirmed Pox, are happily cured and eradicated) is ſold only by the Proprietor, R. ROCK, L. M. at his Chymiſt's Shop, the Corner of Bell-Savage Inn Gateway, Ludgate-hill, London, at Six Shillings the Pot.

A Book of plain Inſtructions for each Perſon to know the State he is in, with the Symptoms attending the different Degrees of Infection, and plain Directions how to treat them, whereby he may in general be his own Phyſician, is given with each Pot of Electuary.

This Medicine is not unpleaſant to take, is of a ſafe and gentle Nature, not operating violently, yet roots out the Diſeaſe; it requires not too ſtrict a Regimen of Diet, nor expoſes the Body to Injury from the Weather.

No Perſon need be apprehenſive of a Diſcovery of his Diſorder from this Medicine, as it may be taken, and the Patient follow Buſineſs as uſual.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received ſome Taint from a Converſe with an impure Perſon, by taking a Doſe or two of this Electuary may have their Minds ſet at Eaſe, either by its ſhewing them, from no Symptoms appearing, that they have eſcaped, and are ſafe; or, in caſe of Infection, by bringing on a gentle Diſcharge of the Virus, which otherwiſe would have lain lurking in them, and ſpreading its Malignity.

Such as have received imperfect Cures, may, by a few Doſes of this Electuary, have all Infection carried off, and their Cure happily completed.

Nor is this Medicine leſs effectual in the Cure of ſome Species of the Rheumatiſm; and may be had at my Shop, on asking for a Six Shilling Pot of Electuary for the Rheumatiſm.

Perſons likewiſe of a Scorphulous, Scorbutic, or groſs Habit of Body, cannot have a better cleanſing, purifying, and ſweetening Purge; which, regularly and properly taken, will do Wonders towards their Cure.

Perſons who have got any Degree of the Venereal Diſeaſe, and are obliged to go to Sea with it on them, would do well to take ſome of this Electuary and my plain Book of Inſtructions with them: They'll ſoon find the Benefit of ſo doing; and it will keep good in all Climates.

This Electuary is efficacious in carrying off all Impurities in an eaſy gentle Manner; is ſafe for Perſons of all Ages and both Sexes.—And the Proprietor, who has practiſed Medicine for Two-and-thirty Years, and made the Cure of the Venereal Diſeaſe his principal Study, attends from Seven in the Morning 'till Ten at Night, to give his Patients and Cuſtomers all neceſſary Advice and Aſſiſtance to the Completion of their Cure.

He anſwers all Letters, Poſt paid.

At the above Place may be had, my genuine Reſtoring Viper Drops, 3 s. a Bottle.

Chymical Liquor for curing the ITCH, or any other BREAKING-OUT whatever. Price 1 s. 6 d. the Bottle.

Daffy's ELIXER. 9 d. the Bottle.

Tincture for curing the Tooth-Ach, and cleaning the Teeth, 1 s. the Bottle.

This Day is publiſh'd,

The SIXTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phyſical Advice to thoſe who have already injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

Alſo the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Reviſed and enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Stratagems by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with one's ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Cathuſical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Effeminacies, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood, well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

As alſo Dr QUINCY's Tranſlation of Dr. CARR's remarkable Anſwer to a Letter ſent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewiſe Dr. DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well-wrote Letter to the Author deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition 'ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed againſt in it.'

Is now ſold (Mr ISTED, Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetſtreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleetſtreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3 s. 6 d.

N. B. The Medicines mentioned in this Book are ſold as above.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 30000 *Bottles have been ſold ſince April* 1734, *that they were firſt publiſh'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovelaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſſ'd with Electuaries, Boluſſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s. 6 d. each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3 s 6 d.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY *and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived in the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without a sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Assistance, is generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

by the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, at once strikes at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroys it, and all Scorbutick Humours and Affects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them for Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly after the morbid State of the Juices purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Pimples, foul Eruptions or Breakings-out, Weakness of the Limbs, Langour, Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy limits and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, inasmuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy in all its Shapes and Appearances, they effectually and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Lonelies.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and cleanse the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient pleasantly lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gained among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humours, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY OF IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *whether occasioned, by* Pollutio sui, *Seminal Weaknesses of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And also

Of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weaknesses, Coldness of Constitution, or any other Cause whatever.*

The Famous and Incstimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The highest, richest, and most powerful Cordial in Nature it recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impotency in Men and Barrenness in Women, in the Universe, and which at once accomplishes without the least Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thousands have experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raising all the Fluids from their languid depressed States to one more florid and sparkling, opening all Obstructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreasing the Animal Spirits, restoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenishing the scalpy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moisture, and thereby invigorating it to such a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by those who have experienced how exceedingly and suddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully strengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Disposition banishes Melancholy, and inspires Mirth and Gladness of Heart beyond Expression.

Abundance of Ladies, who for several Years were deem'd incurably barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by fast living, Strains, or self Abuses, had render'd themselves incapable of Procreation, have soon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, insomuch that very many illustrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almost inconsolable, are now blest with happy Issue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Disorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, and in all Weakness of Body, or Decay of Constitution of any Kind, is a most infallible Restorative, and even seems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it self.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 5s. a Bottle, sealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

The So much fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy in Men*, and the *Vapours in Women*, so as never to return again, be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and thereby immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions: at other times, Fits, flashing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs or other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other, almost innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these so much fam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, London, at 2s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions and Advice at large.

For the VENEREAL DISEASE.

THE shortest, safe, and regular Cure, this Day in the World, from the slightest Infection to the most inveterate Degree of it, by a Medicine as pleasant to take, and as easy in its Operation as it is effectual in its Cure; so that the unfortunate Patient gets suddenly and surprisingly well, without Distaste to his Palate, the least Disorder of Body, or any Confinement whatever. This is that great Remedy, now so well known and long experienced to be truly infallible, and is the Grand ANTI-SIPHYLICON that Radcliff and Garth used to say would totally extirpate the Venereal Disease from the Face of the Earth, were it but universally known, and properly taken. Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their cruel attendant Symptoms, it presently cures; and if taken in Time, even prevents their taking Place. It is a safe, gentle, and pleasant Family Purge, even for Children as well as grown Persons, in all Cases where Purging is necessary; nor can the deepest Scurvy, Rheumatism, Gout, Evil, or Leprosy, stand before it, but are pleasantly cured and thoroughly extirpated by it, as well as the highest and most inveterate State of the confirmed Venereal Disease; which, with all its most raging Symptoms, it soon eradicates, restoring Health, Strength, and Vigour to the Body.

Hence it is, that so many Practitioners in Town and Country send for it for their Patients, as finding it absolutely to be depended upon, and much more safe and effectual than any other Medicine whatever. Those who once take it, will never have Recourse to any Thing else. One Pot in most Cases is sufficient for a Cure.

Price 6s. a Pot, sealed up with a Book of Instructions, by which all Persons may fully understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poison is rooted out of their Bodies. Note, This Grand Anti-Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answered unless Post-paid.

To Persons of either Sex,
Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been, nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those pertinacious Distempers: This occasioned a Physician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palsy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even so as infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that so those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients soon finds all Numbness, Deadness, and Shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, fast Living, hard drinking, or any other Cause; for it performs all that can be wished for in Nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Vessels, revives and increases the Spirits, warms, comforts, strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Steadiness and Strength, and the Palsy and all Paralitick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 2s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

The uncommon Success above Forty Years last past, of the so much-famed and only true Original

Royal Chymical WASH-BALL,

FOR beautifying the Face, Neck, and Hands, hath induced many envious Persons, not only in every Part of London, but in many Places in the Country to sell a counterfeit white Ball, (which may prove prejudicial as well as ineffectual) in Imitation of the true one.

To prevent as much as possible any Mistakes in Prejudice to our Customers, we give this special Notice, That the true Sort are now sold only by Mrs. Wharton, a Milliner, at the Sign of the Bluecoat Boy, and Fan, near the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, and by Mrs. Stephens a Milliner at the Sign of the Blue Ball near the Middle Temple Gate in Fleetstreet. Price 1s. each Ball, or 13 to the Dozen; but no Allowance for less than 12 Balls at a Time, nor will they ever be sold any where else, except Notice be first given in these Advertisements as to it.

Their true and real Virtues have been sufficiently attested in all the Years that they have been sold by Publication, and the more so, as they are still more than ever used and admired by both Sexes of the best Quality, and many Thousands of Gentry and others, for making the Skin so delicately soft and smooth, as not to be paralleled by any Wash or Washballs, or any Kind of Form; for these Balls are indeed real Beautifiers of the Skin, by taking off all Deformities, as Tetters, Ringworms, Morphew, Sun burn, Scurf, Pimples, Pits or Redness of the Small Pox, and keeping it of a lasting and extreme Whiteness, they soon alter red or rough Hands, are admirable in shaving the Head, not only giving a most exquisite Sharpness to the Razor, but so comfort the Brain and Nerves as to prevent catching Cold. They are of a grateful and pleasant Scent without the least Grain of Mercury, and may be eaten for their Safety.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure, even by the very best Method and Practice in usual Practice, than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Impurities, Strains, Pollutio sui, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are Dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infect the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with obstinate Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, exceeding Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetes, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding the Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they must assuredly may, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice experienced never once to fail of perfectly curing the most stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all the Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a most extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is without Equal able to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is wonderfully Restorative in all Weaknesses and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, in an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weakness of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprised at it.

It is from this its most extraordinary Efficacy that so many Practitioners in Town and Country, send for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only sure and infallible Remedy that can be safely rely'd upon, in those Cases.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the above mention'd Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will be compleat Master of its true Cafe, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness be is afflicted with entirely extirpated or not.

Note, This fam'd Balsamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's, (or Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles, against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Balsamic Electuary. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.

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Where Advertisements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.